## 2018 LTCC Course on Aperiodic Order Worksheet 2

Consider the inflation rule

$$\varrho: \begin{array}{cc} a \mapsto abb \\ b \mapsto a \end{array}$$

on the two-letter alphabet  $\{a, b\}$ .

**Exercise 1:** Show that  $\rho$  is irreducible and primitive.

**Exercise 2:** Consider the four possible two-letter seeds a|a, a|b, b|a and b|b. Which of these are legal? Iterate  $\rho$  on the legal seeds. Are there any fixed points under  $\rho$ ? Find all fixed points under  $\rho^2$ .

**Exercise 3:** Calculate the corresponding substitution matrix M and its leading eigenvalue  $\lambda$ . If you start from the initial word  $w^{(0)} = a$  and define  $w^{(n+1)} = \varrho(w^{(n)})$ , show that  $w^{(n+1)} = w^{(n)}w^{(n-1)}w^{(n-1)}$ . How many letters of each type does the word  $w^{(8)}$  have?

**Exercise 4:** Calculate the right and left eigenvector of M to the eigenvalue  $\lambda$ . What is the frequency of letters a and b in a fixed point word? Compare this with the result for  $w^{(10)}$  obtained above.

**Exercise 5:** If the short interval is chosen to have length 1, what is the length of the long interval in the corresponding geometric inflation rule? Consider the point set  $\Lambda$  of all left interval endpoints, and calculate the average distance of points. What is the density of the point set  $\Lambda$ ?