

Generalised hemicuboctahedron

Daniel Pellicer

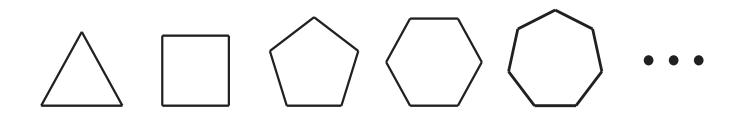
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Regular polygons and polyhedra

Antiquity

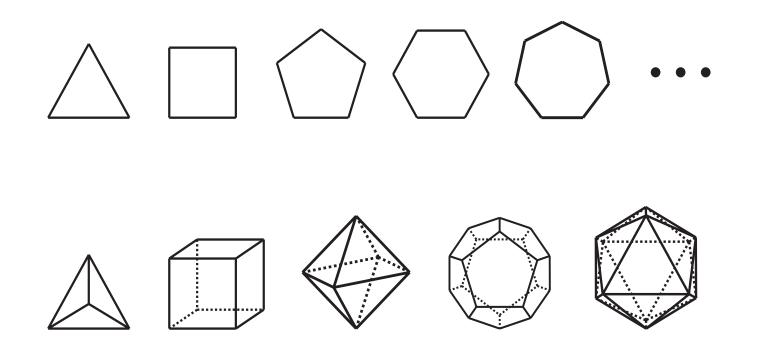
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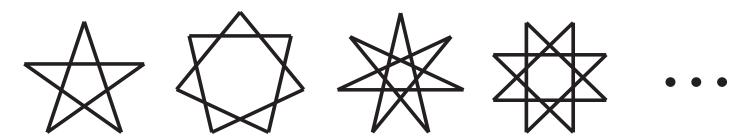
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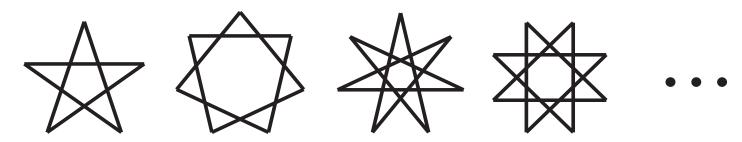


Bradwardine

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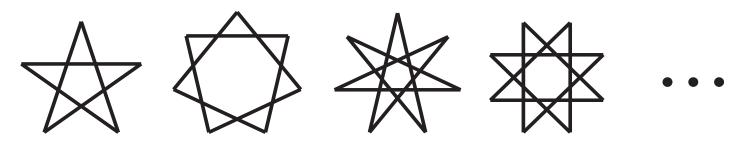


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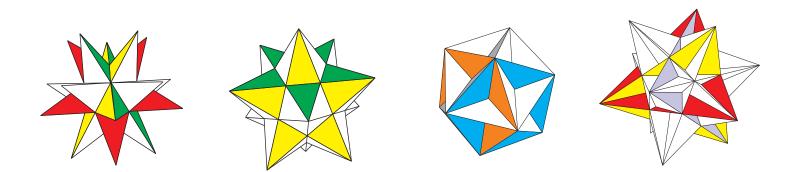


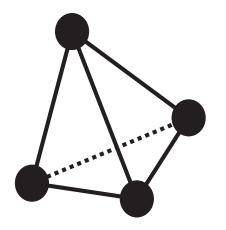
Kepler, Poinsot

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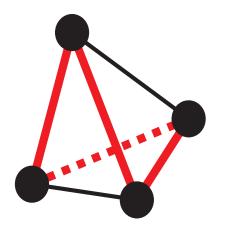


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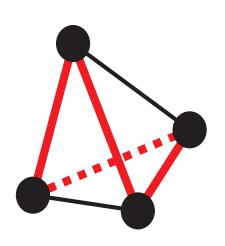


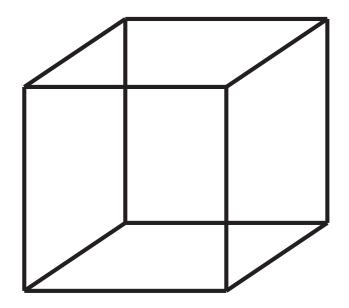
Grünbaum



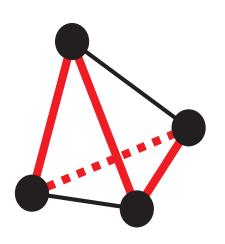
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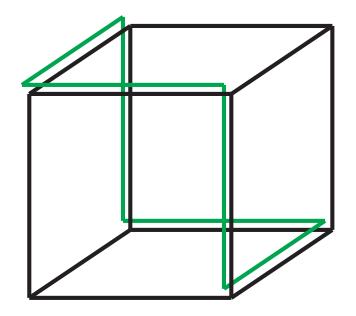
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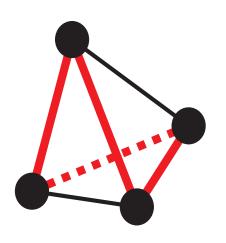


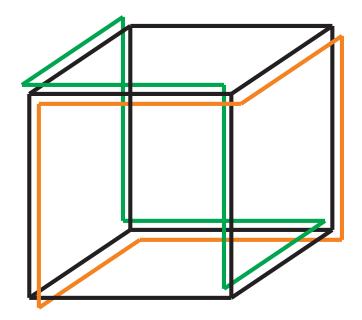


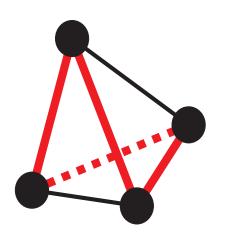
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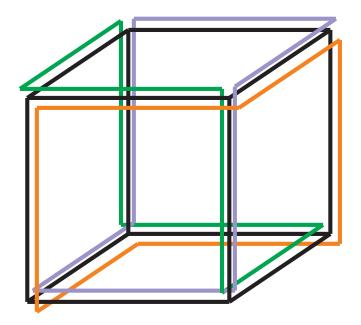


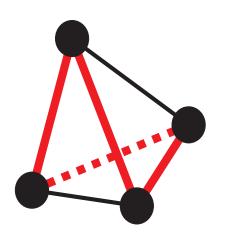


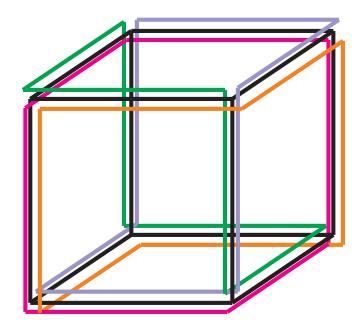












18 finite regular polyhedra



5 Platonic Solids

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- 9 Petrials

Finite convex regular *n*-polytopes

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Schläfli



• Rank 2 \longrightarrow infinitely many

Finite star polytopes

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- E. Hess, S. L. van Oss

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P. McMullen



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- Geometric dual of the cube





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Geometric 2-orbit polytope \longrightarrow Two flag orbits under the symmetry group

Combinatorial 2-orbit polytope \longrightarrow Two flag orbits under the automorphism group

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- Maybe others



► No full classification in dimension 3

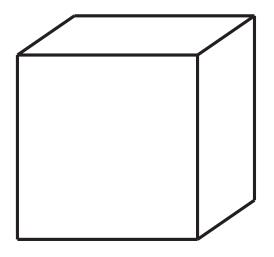


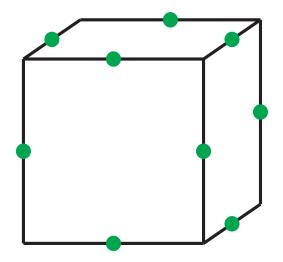
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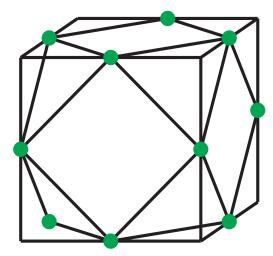
▶ No convex of dimension $n \ge 4$ (Matteo)

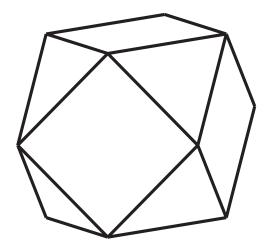


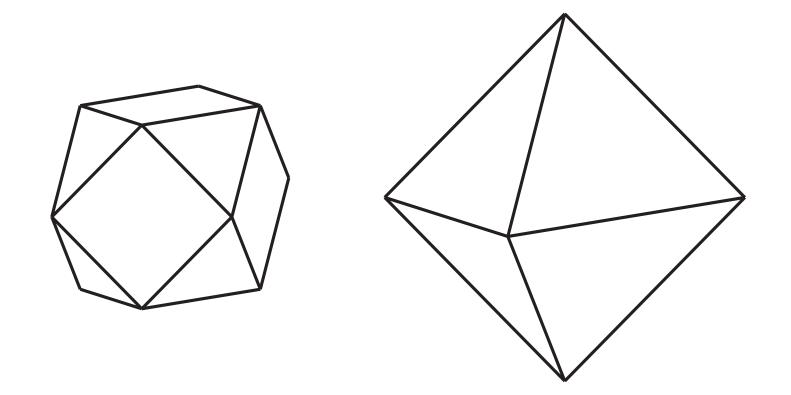
- ► No full classification in dimension 3
- ▶ No convex of dimension $n \ge 4$ (Matteo)
- ▶ No convex combinatorially 2-orbit n-polytope for $n \ge 4$ (Matteo)

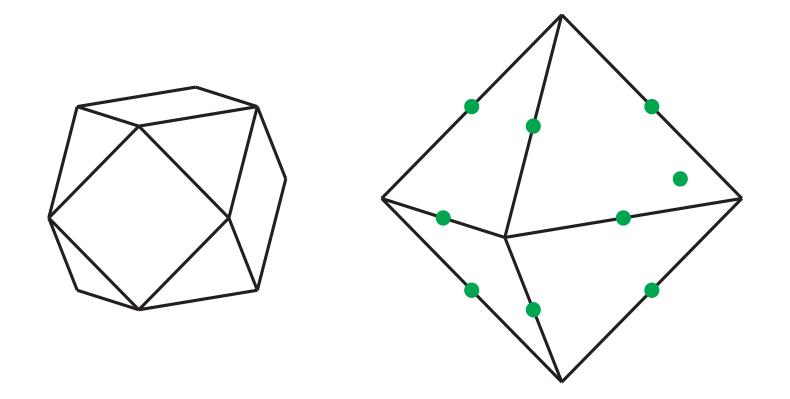


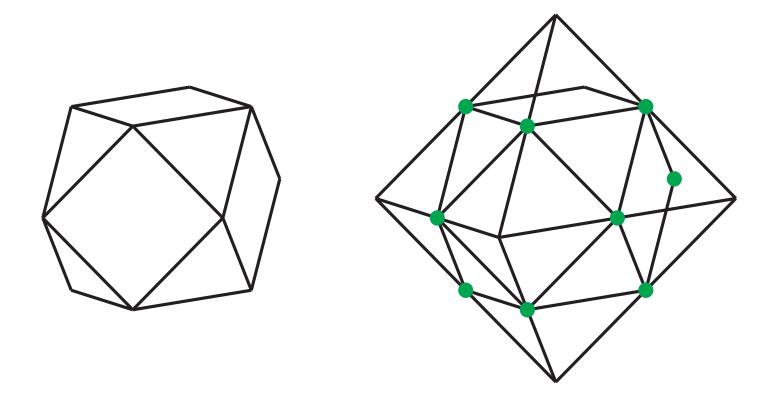


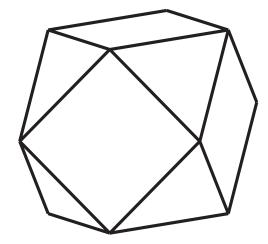


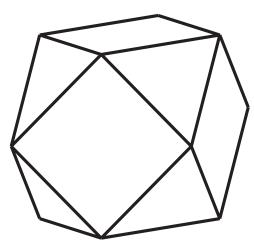






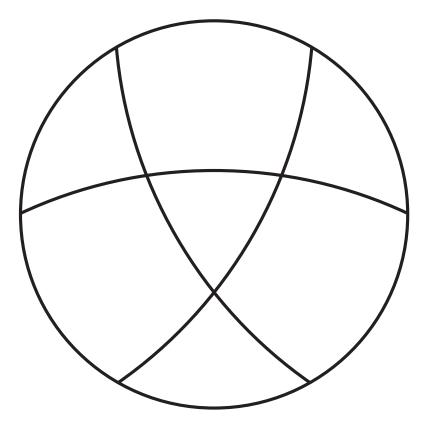






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Hemicuboctahedron



Remarks:

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- The facets of the *n*-cross polytope are (n-1)-simplices
- The facets of the *n*-cross polytope admit a bipartition

n-hemicuboctahedron

• Facets \longrightarrow

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 - All (n-1)-cross polytopes from intersections with canonical hyperplanes

- Facets \longrightarrow
 - Half the simplicial facets of the *n*-Cross polytope
 - All (n-1)-cross polytopes from intersections with canonical hyperplanes
- The vertex-figures are isomorphic to the (n-1)-hemicuboctahedron

★ Every (simplicial) (n-2)-face belongs to precisely one (n-1)-simplex and to one (n-1)-cross polytope

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★ The quotient of the 4-hemicuboctahedron to the projective space is isomorphic to the Tomotope

Symmetry group

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